

AD A107980

DTIC FILE COPY

LEVEL II

①

395-568  
L+F  
KJONAK  
11/8/77

DTIC  
ELECTE  
NOV 30 1981  
H

ABSTRACT

Title:

Radiative Lifetime and Quenching Kinetics for the XeF (B 1/2) State, C.H. Fisher and R.E. Center, Mathematical Sciences Northwest, Inc.--A state-selective laser-induced-fluorescence technique has been used to determine the radiative lifetime and quenching kinetics for the XeF (B 1/2) excited state. Fluorine atoms are formed by flash dissociating a mixture of  $UF_6$  and Xe in He. After a suitable delay to allow recombination of Xe and F atoms, ground state XeF molecules are excited to the XeF (B 1/2) state by passing a 3511 Å XeF laser beam through the cell. The fluorescence decay at 3533 Å is monitored perpendicular to the exciting light using a spectrometer-photomultiplier combination. Quenching rate coefficients for the collision partners He, Ne, Xe,  $F_2$ , and  $NF_3$  have been determined. Fluorescence emission at 460 nm due to collisional transfer from the XeF (B 1/2) to the XeF (C 1/2) state has also been observed.  
\*Supported by DARPA Order No. 1806, ONR Contract No. N00014-76-C-1066.

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

Approved for public release;  
Distribution Unlimited

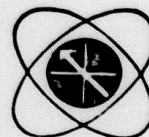
-A-

10 10 19

## MSNW KINETICS PROGRAM--RARE GAS HALIDES

- BASIC KINETICS MEASUREMENTS IN SUPPORT OF DARPA SCALE-UP PROGRAMS
  - MEASUREMENT OF RADIATIVE LIFETIME AND COLLISIONAL QUENCHING RATE CONSTANTS
  - DATA YIELD SATURATION FLUX NECESSARY FOR SYSTEM DESIGN
- PROGRAM EMPHASIZES XeF KINETICS
  - WAVELENGTH IN NEAR UV (PREFERABLE TO KrF)
  - POSSIBILITY OF DEVELOPING VISIBLE LASER ON C-X TRANSITION
- PRESENT PROGRAM GIVES EXCITED STATE IDENTIFICATION
  - UNAMBIGUOUS EXCITATION PATH
  - COMPARE WITH MEASUREMENTS FROM THE DISSOCIATIVE EXCITATION OF XeF<sub>2</sub>

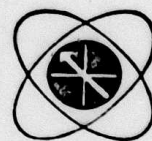
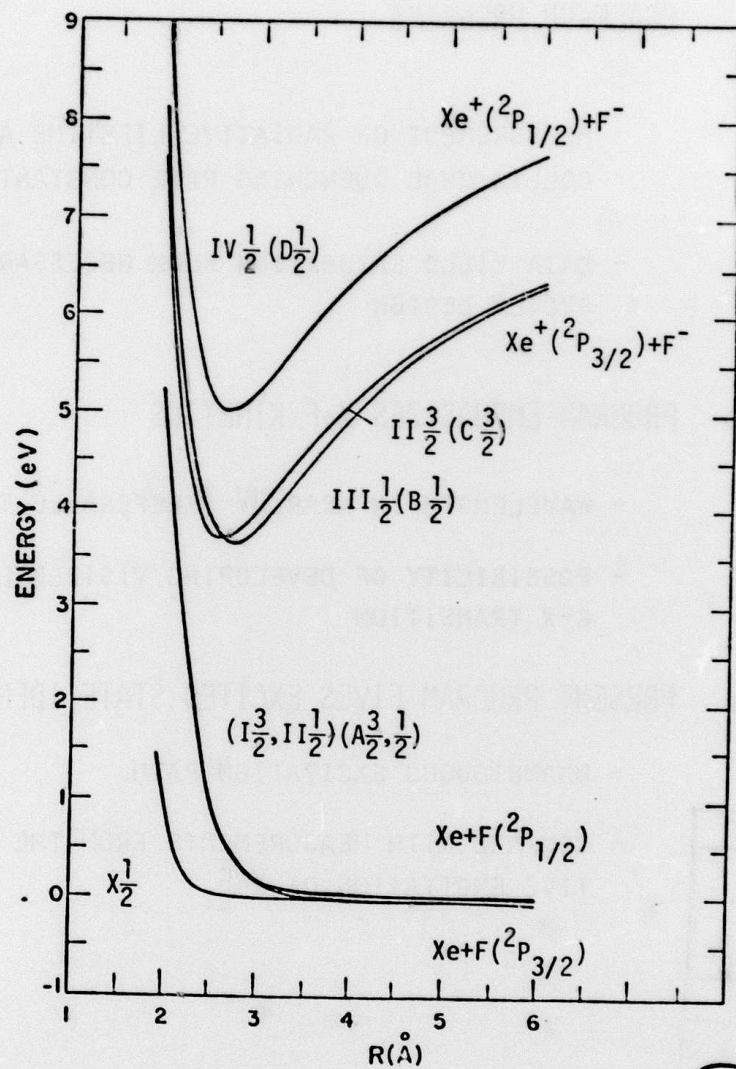
Accession For	
NTIS GRA&I	<input checked="checked" type="checkbox"/>
DTIC TAB	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unannounced	<input type="checkbox"/>
Justification	<i>per</i>
<i>FL-182 on file</i>	
By	
Distribution/	
Availability Codes	
Dist	Avail and/or Special
<i>A</i>	





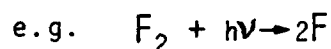
# XeF POTENTIAL ENERGY CURVES

T. H. Dunning and P. J. Hay, to be published

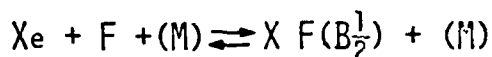


## EXPERIMENTAL CONCEPT

- PRODUCE F ATOMS BY FLASH PHOTOLYSIS IN PRESENCE OF Xe

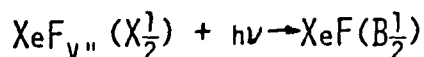


- WAIT FOR RECOMBINATION INTO GROUND ELECTRONIC STATE

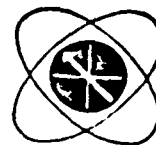
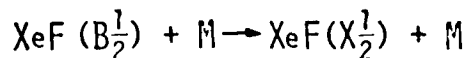
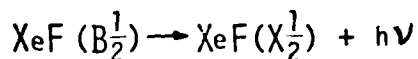


(DELAY TIME MUST BE LESS THAN TIME FOR F-ATOM RECOMBINATION OR LOSS BY DIFFUSION)

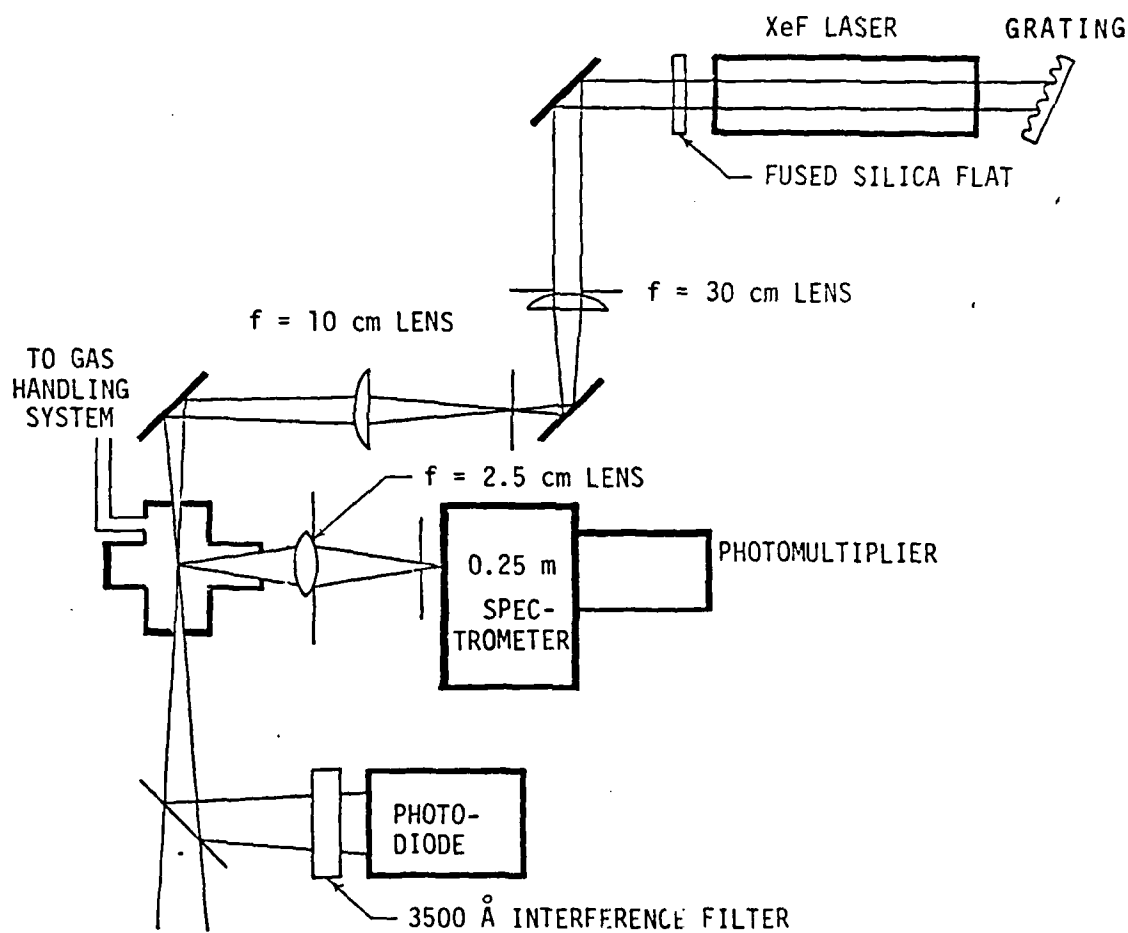
- EXCITE  $\text{XeF}(\text{X}_2^1)$  BY XeF LASER ON B-X TRANSITION



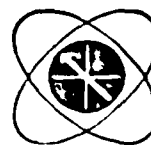
- MONITOR FLUORESCENCE DECAY--COMPETITION OF RADIATIVE DECAY AND COLLISIONAL QUENCHING



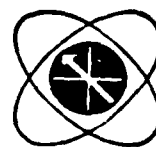
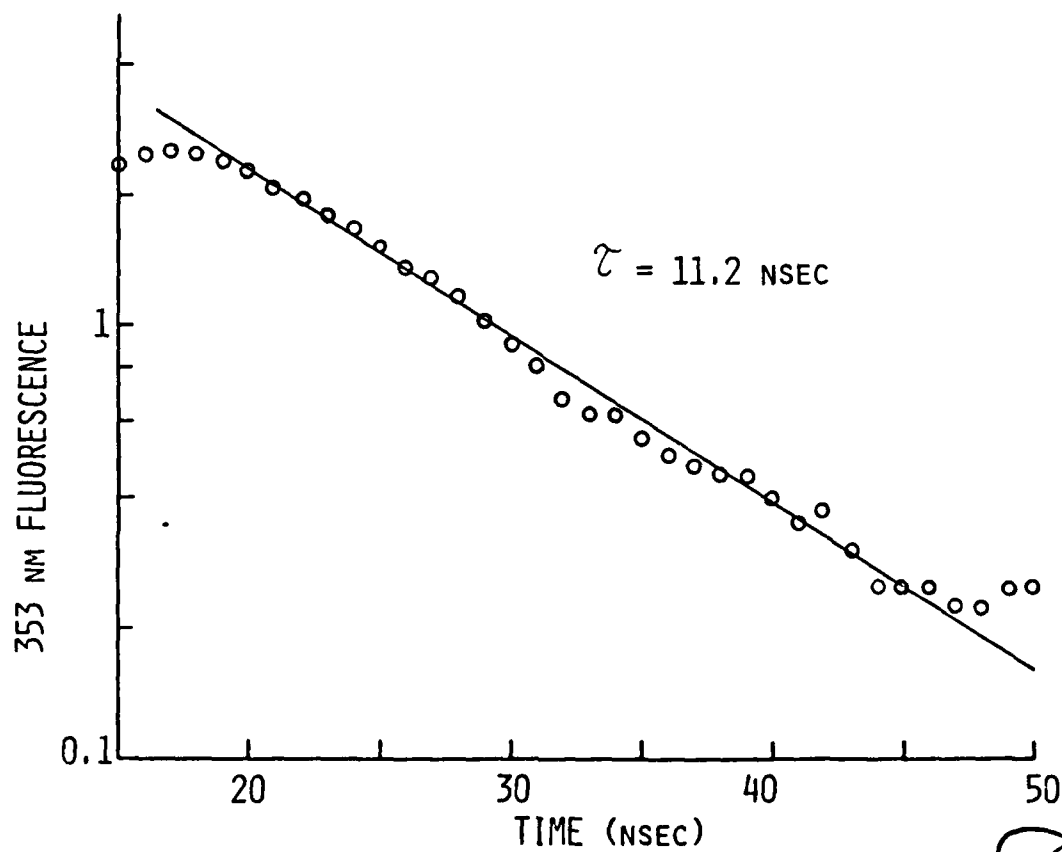
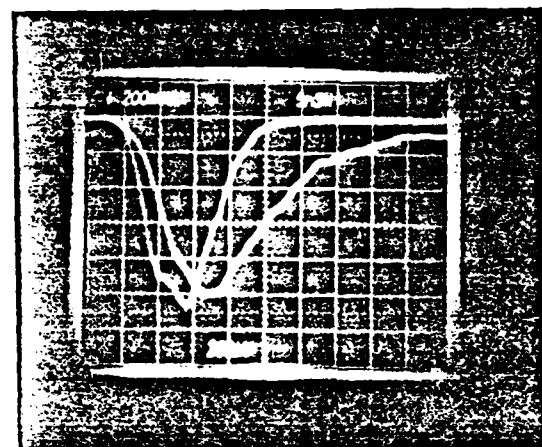
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR THE OPTICAL SETUP FOR THE  
LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE EXPERIMENT



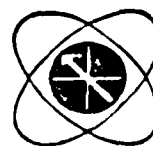
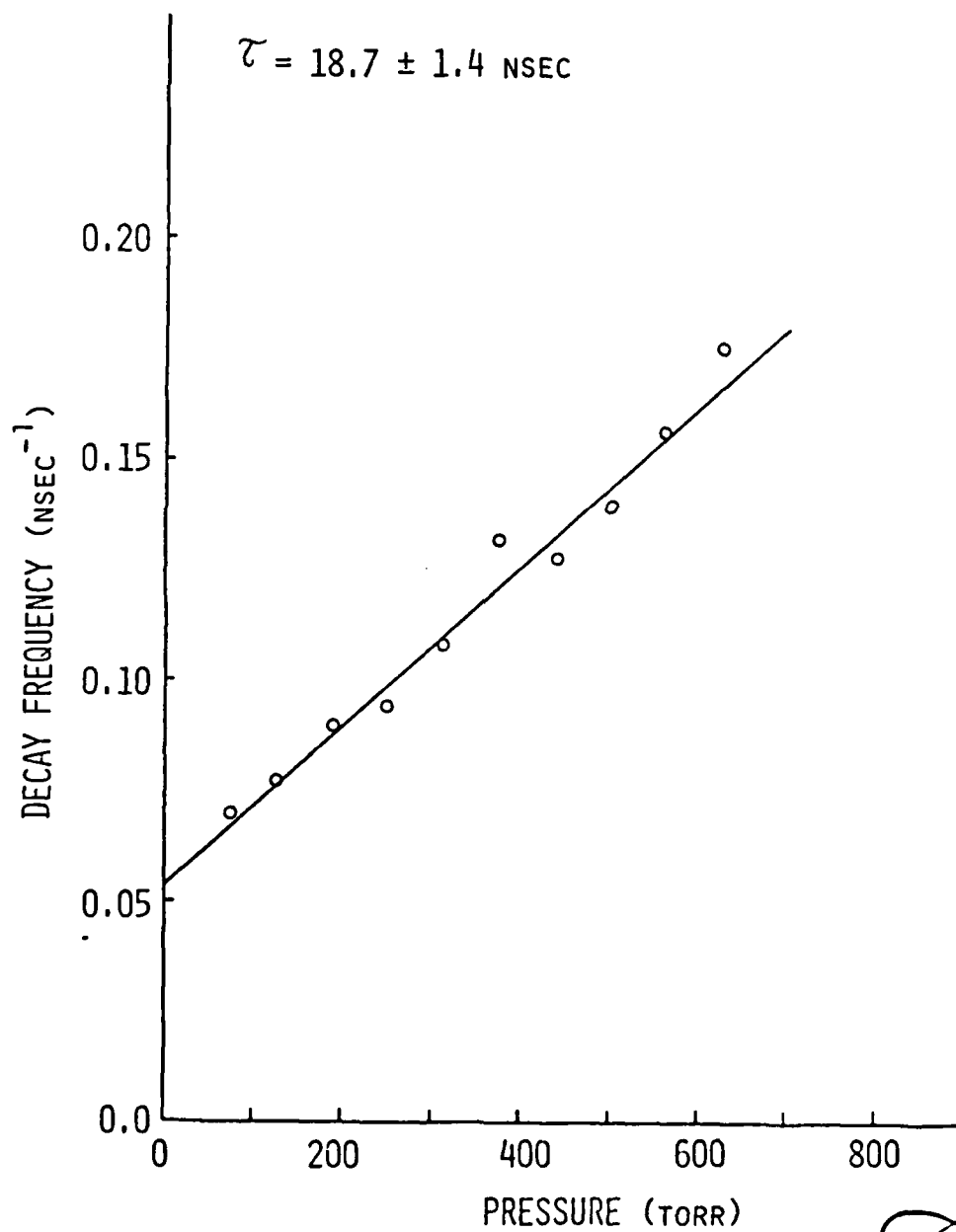
77 00866



353 NM FLUORESCENCE FROM  
125 TORR He + 10 TORR Xe + 0.7 TORR UF<sub>6</sub>

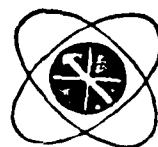
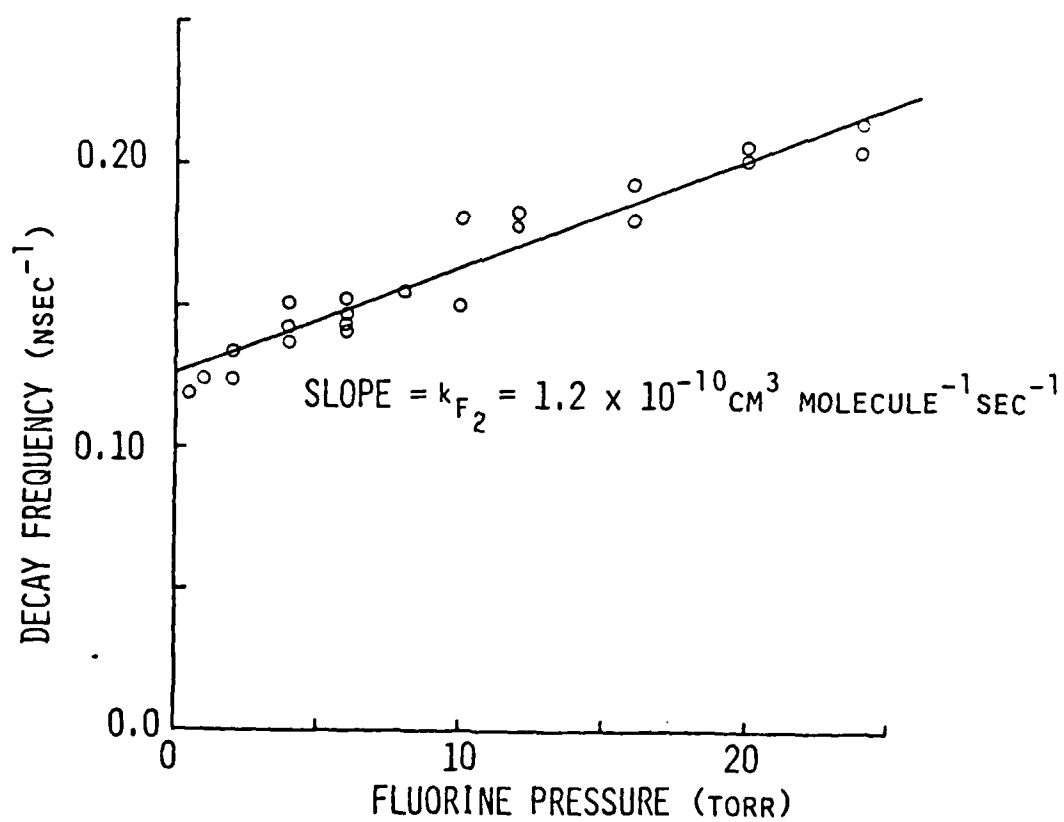


$\text{XeF(B}_2^1)$  FLUORESCENT LIFETIME MEASUREMENTS



XeF(B $\frac{1}{2}$ ) QUENCHING BY F $_2$

250 TORR He + 10 TORR Xe + 0.3 TORR UF $_6$



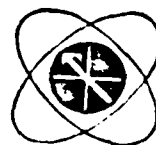


SUMMARY OF  $\text{XeF}(\text{B}_2^1)$  RADIATIVE LIFETIME  
AND QUENCHING DATA

- $\text{XeF}(\text{B}_2^1)$   $\tau_r = 18.7 \pm 1.4 \text{ NSEC}$
- $\text{XeF}(\text{B}_2^1)$  TWO BODY QUENCHING RATE CONSTANTS

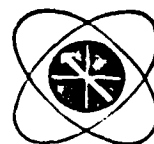
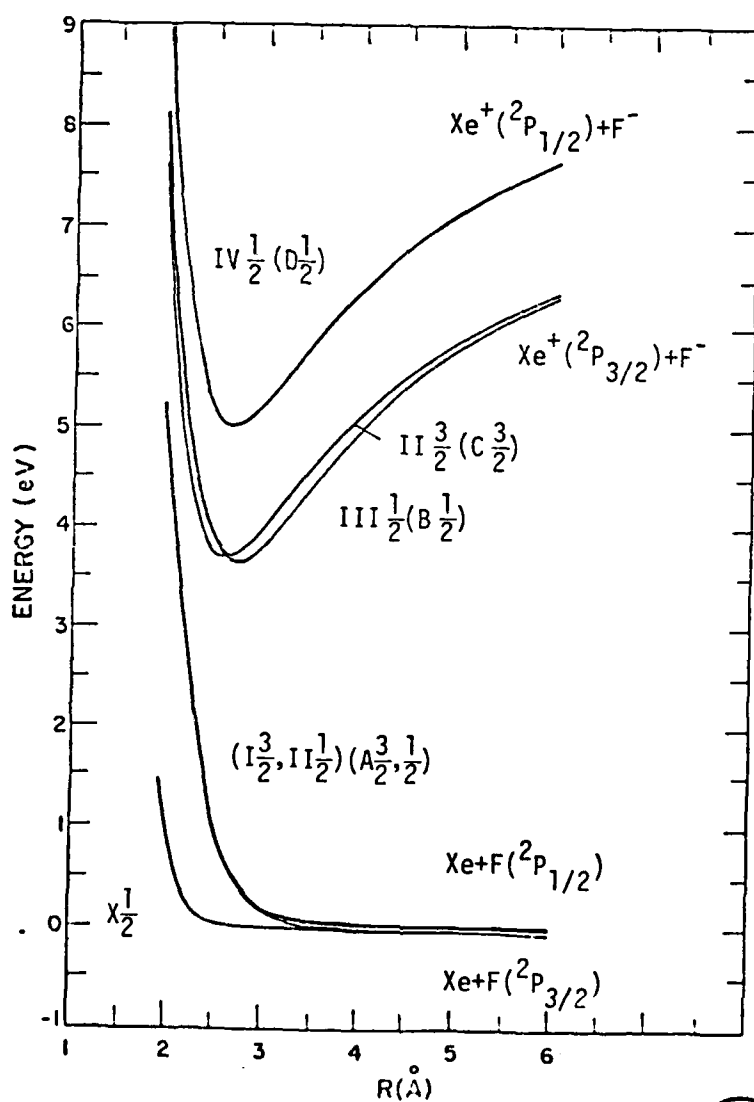
<u>MOLECULE</u>	<u><math>k_q (\text{CM}^3 \text{ MOLECULE}^{-1} \text{ SEC}^{-1})</math></u>	<u>PRESSURE RANGE (TORR)</u>
He	$2 \times 10^{-12}$	75 - 750
Ne	$\leq 1.4 \times 10^{-13}$	75 - 750
Xe	$6 \times 10^{-11}$	5 - 80
$\text{F}_2$	$1.2 \times 10^{-10}$	0.5 - 24
$\text{NF}_3$	$3.2 \times 10^{-12}$	15 - 500
<del><math>\text{UF}_6^*</math></del>	<del><math>&lt; 1 \times 10^{-11}</math></del>	<del>0.3 - 2</del>

~~PRELIMINARY UPPER BOUND ESTIMATES~~

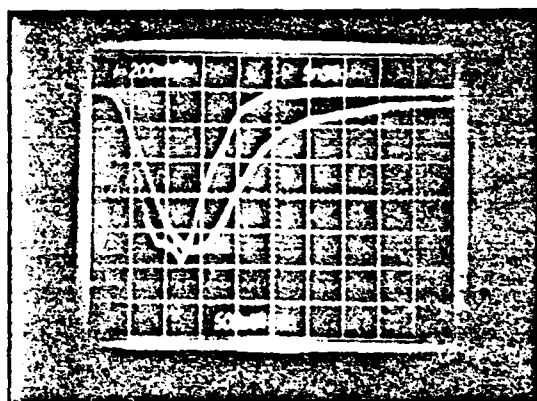


# XeF POTENTIAL ENERGY CURVES

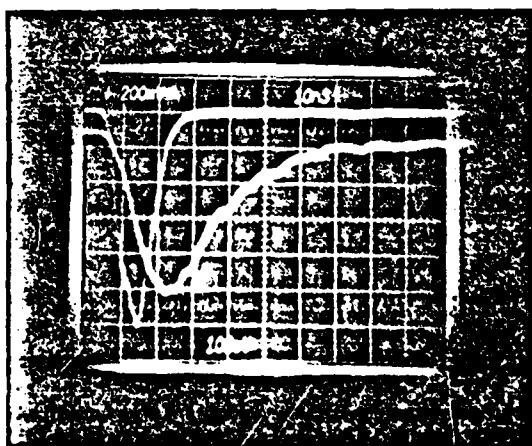
T. H. Dunning and P. J. Hay, to be published



COMPARISON OF XeF FLUORESCENCE AT 460 AND 353 nm



(A) 353 nm

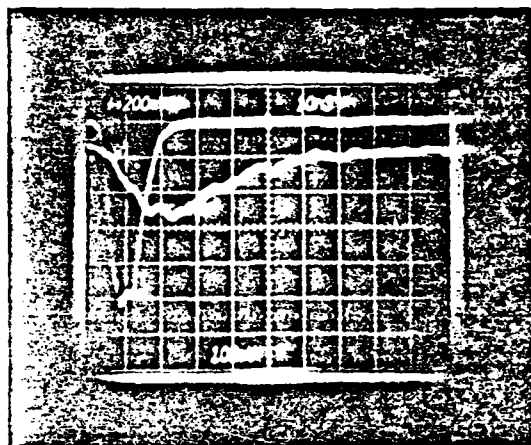


(B) 460 nm

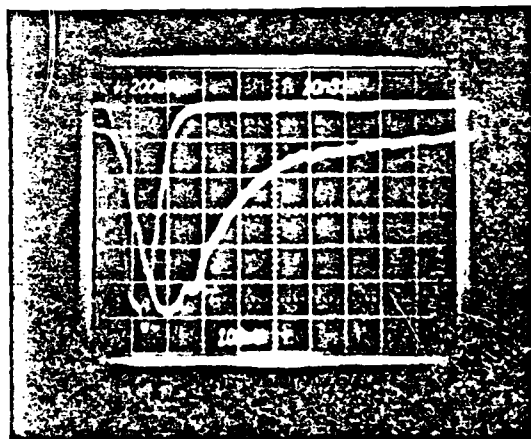
1.5 atm He + 10 TORR Xe + 0.7 TORR UF<sub>6</sub>



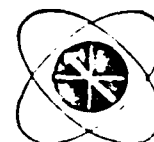
EFFECT OF Ar CONCENTRATION ON  
460 nm FLUORESCENCE



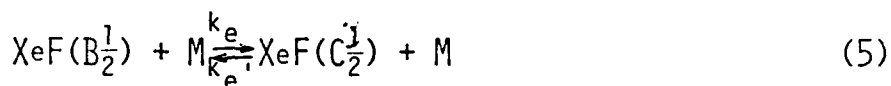
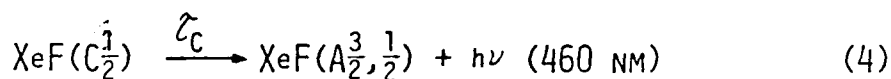
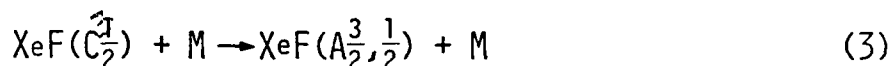
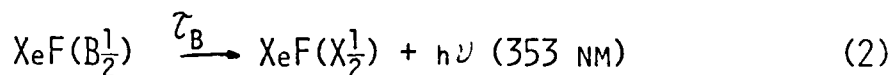
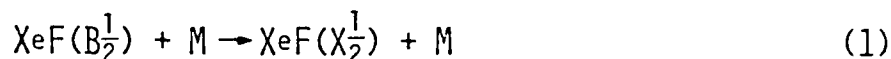
(A) 250 TORR Ar + 10 TORR Xe + 0.7 TORR UF<sub>6</sub>



(B) 625 TORR Ar + 10 TORR Xe + 0.7 TORR UF<sub>6</sub>



# DATA INTERPRETATION



PROCESSES (1 - 5)  $\rightarrow$  DOUBLE EXPONENTIAL DECAY  
WITH TIME CONSTANTS

$$\lambda_1, \lambda_2 (k_1, k_3, \tau_B, \tau_C, k_e, k_e')$$

IN LIMIT  $k_e \rightarrow 0$

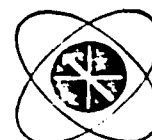
(1,2)  $\rightarrow$  SIMPLE EXPONENTIAL DECAY FOR 353 nm  
WITH  $\lambda_1 = \frac{1}{\tau_B} + k_1 \text{M}$

(3,4)  $\rightarrow$  SIMPLE EXPONENTIAL DECAY FOR 460 nm  
WITH  $\lambda_2 = \frac{1}{\tau_C} + k_3 \text{M}$

IN LIMIT  $k_e \rightarrow \infty$

BOTH STATES DECAY WITH SAME TIME CONSTANT

$$\lambda_2 (\tau_B, \tau_C, k_e, k_i)$$



## LASER IMPLICATIONS

● SATURATION FLUX  $\phi_s = \frac{h\nu}{\sigma_{s.e.}} \left( \frac{1}{\tau_B} + \sum_i k q_i Q_i \right)$

FOR Ar + 1% Xe + 0.3% F<sub>2</sub> MIXTURES

$$\phi_s = 150 \text{ kW/cm}^2 \text{ AT 1 ATM}$$

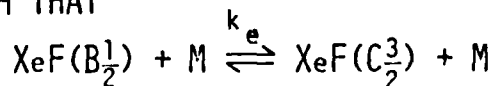
$$\phi_s = 230 \text{ kW/cm}^2 \text{ AT 2 ATM}$$

- COMPARISON OF OPTICAL EMISSION PROPERTIES  
AT 351 NM AND 460 NM

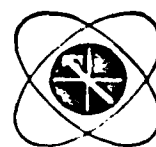
WAVELENGTH (NM)	351	460
LIFETIME (NSEC)	18.7	113*
BANDWIDTH (NM)	2	47*
CROSS SECTION (CM <sup>2</sup> )	$4 \times 10^{-16}$	$7 \times 10^{-18}$ <del><math>10^{-17}</math></del>

\* FROM THEORETICAL CALCULATIONS BY T.H. DUNNING, JR. AND P.J. HAY.

- FOR EFFICIENT 460 NM LASER, MUST FIND MOLECULE  
M SUCH THAT

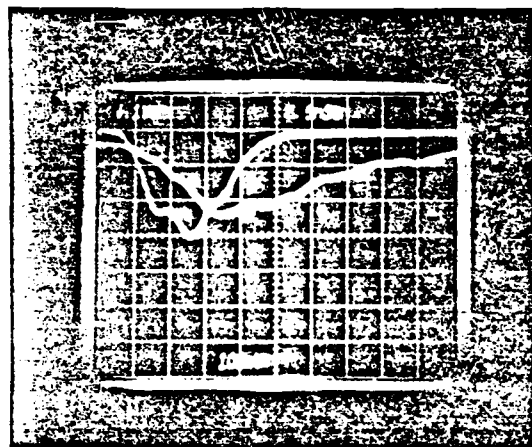


WITH  $k_e[M] \gg \frac{1}{\tau_B} + k_q^B Q$

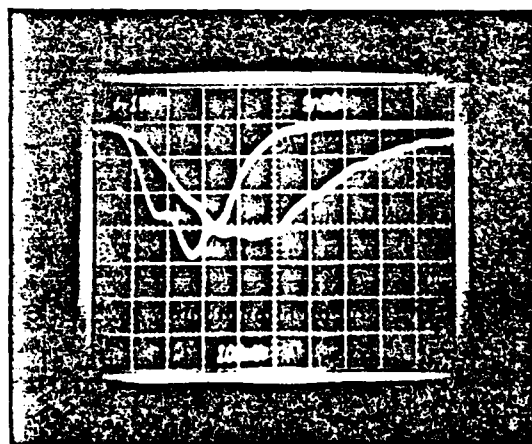




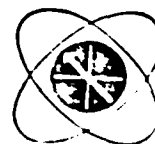
EFFECT OF XENON CONCENTRATION ON  
460 nm FLUORESCENCE



(A) 250 TORR He + 20 TORR Xe + 0.7 TORR UF<sub>6</sub>



(B) 250 TORR He + 30 TORR Xe + 0.7 TORR UF<sub>6</sub>



## CONCLUSIONS

(1) Ne IS PREFERABLE TO Ar AS DILUENT

- SMALLER QUENCHING CROSS SECTION
- NO INTRINSIC ABSORPTION (NRL DATA)

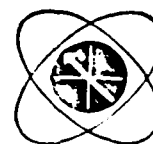
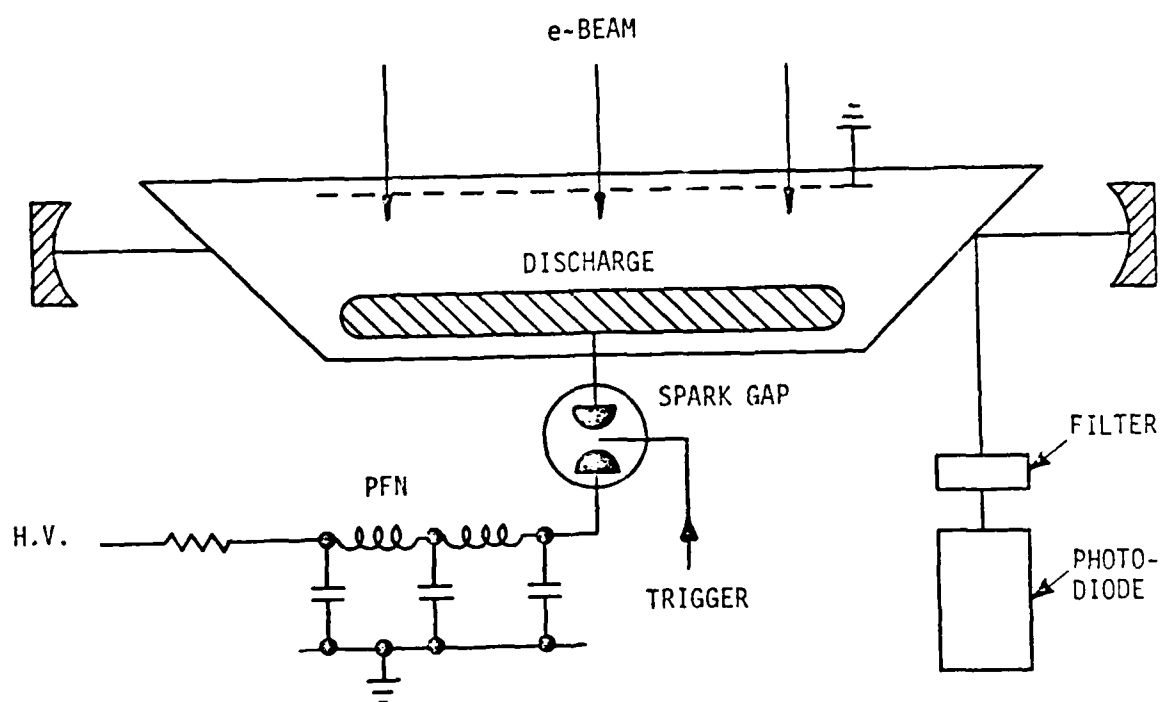
(2) STATE IDENTIFIED LIFETIME MEASUREMENT

$\tau \approx 18$  nsec FOR B STATE

(3) REQUIREMENTS FOR POTENTIAL VISIBLE XeF LASER  
AT 460 nm

- RADIATIVE LIFETIME MEASUREMENT
- IDENTIFICATION OF EFFECTIVE COLLISION  
PARTNER TO POPULATE C STATE

EXPERIMENTAL LAYOUT FOR KrF AND XeF  
THRESHOLD PUMPING MEASUREMENTS

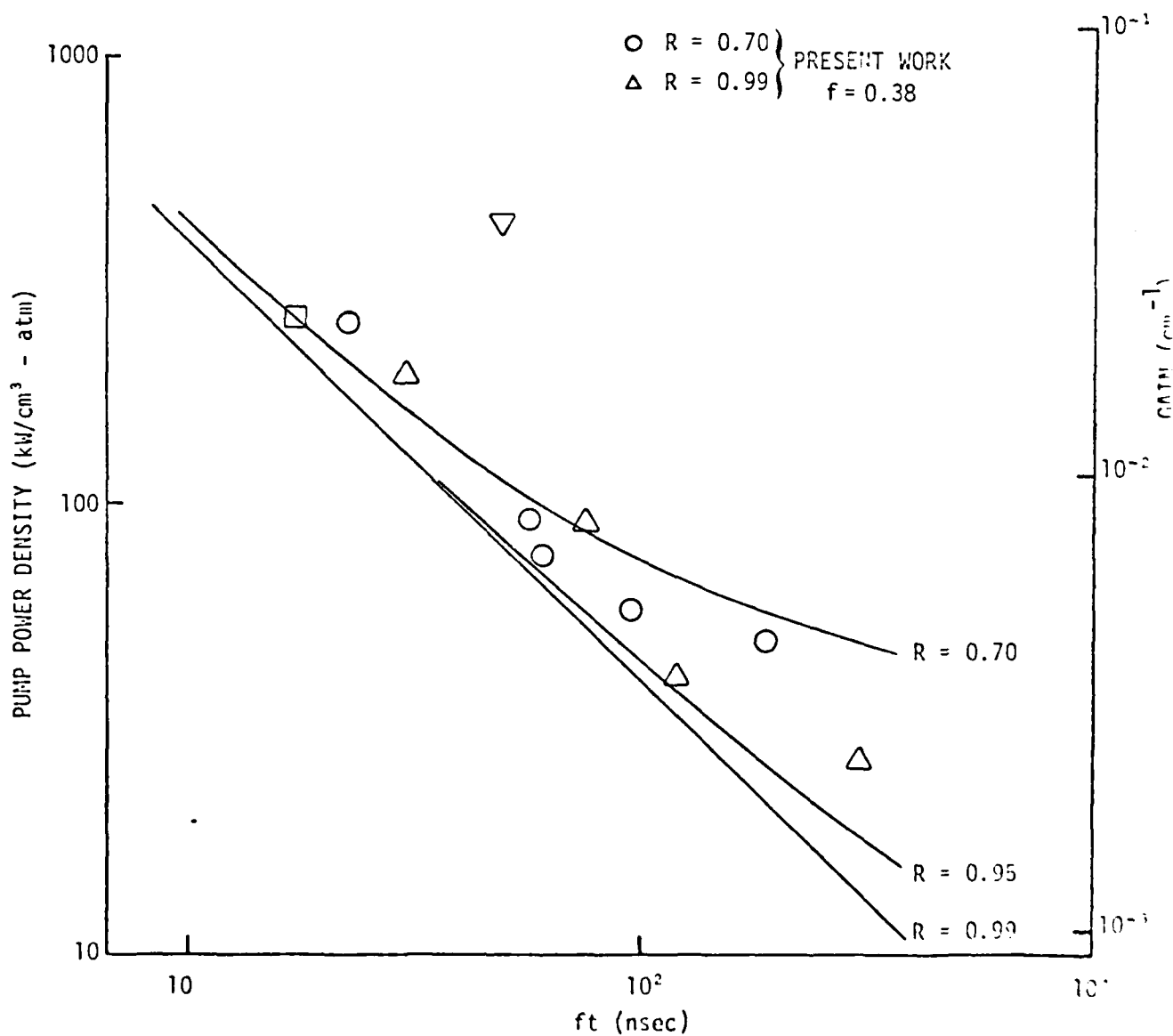


# THRESHOLD POWER DENSITY MEASUREMENTS IN E-BEAM SUSTAINED DISCHARGES

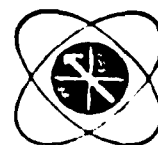
□ Ref. 3,  $R = 0.70$ ,  $f = 0.2$

▽ Ref. 6,  $R = 0.97$ ,  $f = 0.5$

○  $R = 0.70$  } PRESENT WORK  
△  $R = 0.99$  }  $f = 0.38$



77 00697





MATHEMATICAL  
SCIENCES  
NORTH  
WEST, INC.

*Log file*  
→ 421

30 August 1977

Mr. R. H. Register  
Contracting Officer  
Office of Naval Research  
Department of the Navy  
800 North Quincy Street  
Arlington, VA 22217

*Check with → Beckman  
If OK prepare approval*

Dear Mr. Register:

N00014-76-C-1066  
MSNW Project 1062

*NR 395-568*

Enclosed for your review are 5 copies of an abstract and viewgraphs entitled, "Radiative Lifetime and Quenching Kinetics for the XeF (B 1/2) State," by C. H. Fisher and R. E. Center. We request permission to submit this abstract and viewgraphs for presentation at the Thirtieth Annual Gaseous Electronics Conference, 18-21 October 1977. A paper would not be written for this presentation.

We would appreciate receiving your approval as soon as possible. Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely yours,

MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES NORTHWEST, INC.

*Sally Ann Mowrey*  
Sally Ann Mowrey  
General Services Manager

SAM:rk  
ENC: 5

*O.K. B.*

P. O. BOX 1887

BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON 98009

206-827-0460

RESEARCH

ENGINEERING

CONSULTING